Emission properties of Tm^{3+} -doped CaF_2 , KY_3F_{10} , $LiYF_4$, $LiLuF_4$ and BaY_2F_8 crystals at 1.5 μm and 2.3 μm

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Abstract: Thulium ions (Tm³⁺) are known for their emissions in the near- and mid-infrared spectral ranges suitable for efficient laser operation. We systematically study the stimulated-emission cross-sections σ_{SE} for the ${}^3H_4 \rightarrow {}^3F_4$ (at ~1.5 μm) and ${}^3H_4 \rightarrow {}^3H_5$ (at ~2.3 μm) Tm³⁺ transitions in five low-phonon energy fluoride single-crystals, namely, cubic Tm:CaF₂ and Tm:KY₃F₁₀, tetragonal Tm:LiYF₄ and Tm:LiLuF₄ and monoclinic Tm:BaY₂F₈. A promising material is Tm:BaY₂F₈ which offers broad and intense polarized emission spectra in the mid-infrared (2251–2452 nm); the maximum σ_{SE} is 0.39×10^{-20} cm² at 2289 nm (for $E \parallel Z$) and the emission bandwidth is exceeding 100 nm (for $E \parallel X$). We also revise the transition probabilities for Tm³⁺ ions in LiLuF₄ and BaY₂F₈ crystals using the Judd-Ofelt formalism and accounting for an intermediate configuration interaction (ICI).

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